AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 21, 1997
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 9, 1997
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 30, 1997
AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 3, 1997
AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 20, 1997
AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 12, 1997
AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 1, 1997

SENATE BILL

No. 779

Introduced by Senator Calderon

February 26, 1997

An act to amend Section 1218.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to add Sections 293 and 294 to, and to add Part 2.5 (commencing with Section 3300) to Division 8 of, the Family Code, relating to family law.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 779, as amended, Calderon. Custody and visitation enforcement.

Existing law requires a court to grant reasonable visitation rights to a parent in granting a child custody order unless the visitation would be detrimental to the best interest of the child. Existing law authorizes the granting of reasonable visitation rights to other persons, as specified.

This bill would enact the Custody and Visitation Enforcement Act, which would establish a pilot program in up SB 779 -2-

to 5 counties in each of which an Office of the Friend of the Court would be created for the purpose of enforcement of custody and visitation orders. The bill would require the Child Support Bureau of the State Department of Social Services and the Judicial Council to jointly administer this program and to maintain records of cases, as specified. The Office of the Friend of the Court in each pilot county would be required to perform specified duties in disputes concerning the denial of child custody or visitation rights or violations of custody or visitation orders, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program. The bill would require the Statewide Office of Family Court Services to formulate a makeup custody and visitation policy, and guidelines for clarifying or modifying the terms and conditions of an order, as specified. The bill would specify that funding for any duties imposed on governmental agencies by the bill shall be provided by federal funds under received by the state the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of

The bill would provide that these provisions shall become operative only if federal funds are made available for their implementation and would prohibit the allocation of state funds for the purposes of the program.

The bill also would make organizational, clarifying changes.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement, including the creation of a State Mandates Claims Fund to pay the costs of mandates that do not exceed \$1,000,000 statewide and other procedures for claims whose statewide costs exceed \$1,000,000.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

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SECTION 1. Section 1218.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure is amended to read:

1218.5. (a) If the contempt alleged is for failure to pay child, family, or spousal support, each month for which payment has not been made in full may be alleged as a separate count of contempt and punishment imposed for each count proven. If the contempt alleged is for a violation of a custody or visitation order under Part 2.5 (commencing with Section 3300) of Division 8 of the 10 Family Code or any other provision of law, each violation of the order may be alleged and punished as a separate 12 contempt.

- (b) If the contempt alleged is the failure to pay child, 14 family, or spousal support, or is a violation of access time 15 or a custody or visitation order under 16 (commencing with Section 3300) of Division 8 of the Family Code, the period of limitations for commencing a contempt action is three years from the date that the payment was due or the access time denied. If the action 20 before the court is enforcement of another order under Family Code, the period of limitations commencing a contempt action is two years from the time that the alleged contempt occurred.
- 24 SEC. 2. Section 293 is added to the Family Code, to 25 read:
 - 293. In any court action in which a party is found in contempt of court for failure to comply with a court order pursuant to this code, or Sections 11350 to 11476.1, inclusive, of the Welfare and Institutions Code, the court shall order the following:
 - (a) Upon a first finding of contempt, the court shall order the contemner to perform community service of up to 120 hours, or to be imprisoned up to 120 hours, for each count of contempt.
- (b) Upon the second finding of contempt, the court 35 shall order the contemner to perform community service of up to 120 hours, in addition to ordering imprisonment

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of the contemner up to 120 hours, for each count of contempt.

- (c) Upon the third or any subsequent finding of contempt, the court shall order both of the following:
- (1) The court shall order the contemner to serve a term of imprisonment of up to 240 hours, and to perform community service of up to 240 hours, for each count of
- (2) The court shall order the contemner to pay an 10 administrative fee, not to exceed the actual cost of the contemner's administration and supervision, assigned to a community service program pursuant to this subdivision.
- SEC. 3. Section 294 is added to the Family Code, to 15 read:
- 294. (a) If the contempt alleged is for failure to pay child, family, or spousal support, each month for which payment has not been made in full may be alleged as a separate count of contempt and punishment imposed for 20 each count proven. If the contempt alleged is for a 21 violation of a custody or visitation order under Part 2.5 22 (commencing with Section 3300) of Division 8 or any other provision of law, each violation of the order may be alleged and punished as a separate contempt.
- (b) If the contempt alleged is the failure to pay child, 26 family, or spousal support, or is a violation of access time a custody or visitation order under Part (commencing with Section 3300) of Division 8, the period of limitations for commencing a contempt action is three 30 years from the date that the payment was due or the access time denied. If the action before the court is enforcement of another order under this code, the period of limitations for commencing a contempt action is two years from the time that the alleged contempt occurred.
- SEC. 4. Part 2.5 (commencing with Section 3300) is 36 added to Division 8 of the Family Code, to read:

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THE CUSTODY AND VISITATION PART 2.5. **ENFORCEMENT ACT**

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3300. It is the intent of the Legislature in establishing this part that all custody and visitation orders be enforced with the same vigor, commitment, and ease of access as support orders.

- 3301. This part shall be known and may be cited as the Custody and Visitation Enforcement Act.
- 3302. (a) The Child Support Bureau of the State Department of Social Services and the Judicial Council shall jointly have the responsibility for the Friend of the 13 Court program, which is hereby established in the State 14 of California as a pilot program.
- pilot program shall be (b) The designed 16 consultation with representatives of the California Judges Association, the California State Bar, Family Law Section, 18 legislative staff, and representatives of advocacy groups 19 for fathers, mothers, and victims of domestic violence. 20 The pilot program shall be designed to include counties 21 from different parts of the state, with at least one rural and one suburban county and with at least one county which currently has a family law facilitator program in operation, but shall consist of no more than five pilot counties.
 - (c) Funding for any additional duties imposed by this part shall be provided by federal funds received pursuant the Federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996.
 - (d) The pilot program shall go into effect within six months of the date of approval of the program by the federal government and shall continue so long as federal funding is available for the program.
- 34 (e) The department and the Judicial Council shall evaluate and annually report to the Legislature on the 35 36 Friend of the Court program.
- 3303. (a) In each pilot county, an Office of the Friend 38 of the Court is hereby created. Each Office of the Friend of the Court shall be made up of both an enforcement unit and a mediation unit. Personnel of the office of family

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court services in each county shall staff the office for the purposes of mediation, evaluation, and recommendation as to the best interests of the child as relates to violations of visitation and custody orders. A county that currently does not provide recommendations following mediation to do evaluations and make recommendations regarding custody or visitation is not required to do so by this part.

- (b) The department and the Judicial Council shall do all of the following:
- (1) Set up policies for the coordination of activities and cooperation between the units of the Friend of the Court pilot program and existing court structures to enable them to meet the goals of this part.
- (2) Establish a makeup custody and visitation policy 15 and guidelines to be used for clarifying or modifying any other terms and conditions of an order to be used in each county.
 - (3) Establish a method for maintaining and evaluating the information obtained under Section 3312.
- (4) Establish rules. regulations, any consistent with the provisions of this part, which are deemed necessary to implement the pilot program and which are consistent with the requirements of 24 process and existing law.
- 3304. "Access time" means any time, whether custody 26 or visitation, including supervised visitation, in which a person has a right to a specified period of time in which 28 a child or children is in his or her care, custody, and control, whether obtained by a stipulation or by a finding 30 an order of the court. "Order" means any aspect of a custody or visitation order including, but not limited to, denials of access time, the failure to take access time, or the failure by either parent or other party to abide by specific terms and conditions of the order.
- 3305. All provisions of this code and of all other codes, 36 as well as applicable case law, shall apply to this part, except as modified by this part.
 - 3306. (a) The Statewide Office of Family Court Services shall promulgate guidelines for a makeup custody and visitation policy which is to be implemented

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unless the parties stipulate to a different arrangement for making up denied access time, or for clarifying or 3 modifying any other terms or conditions of a custody or visitation order.

(b) The makeup custody and visitation policy shall

- 3306. (a) The policies and guidelines promulgated pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 3303 shall provide for all of the following consistent with the best interests of the child:
- (1) That the makeup custody or visitation time shall be of substantially the same type and duration as the time that was denied, to the extent practical, and preference for the makeup time shall be given to the person who is denied access time.
- (2) Education of parents SO they may 16 understand the orders, the need to comply with the orders, the effects of noncompliance on the child, and 18 how to effectively communicate with each other when questions or disputes as to the order arise.
- (3) Referrals to parenting classes or counseling where 21 it is deemed necessary to help the parents learn to communicate with each other as regards the child and how to coparent in a healthy manner.

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- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (b) (a), if changed 26 circumstances and the best interest of the child require that a custody or visitation arrangement different than provided for in the current court order be implemented, then either of the following shall apply actions may be taken:
- (1) The parties may stipulate to the changed schedule, 32 terms, or conditions which shall then be drafted into a new order which shall be filed with, and signed by, the 34 court.
- (2) The matter shall may be referred to the 36 enforcement unit of the friend of the court who shall file and request the court to set the matter for hearing either on a motion to enforce or for contempt.
- 39 3307. (a) A person denied access time with a child, or who alleges a violation of an order, may use the services

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of the Office of the Friend of the Court. The person shall give written notice to the Office of the Friend of the Court in the county in which the court has jurisdiction over the custody issue within 14 days of the alleged denial or violation, and the Office of the Friend of the Court shall keep an accurate record of all alleged custody visitation arrears and violations reported to it.

- (b) When a denied access time or violation of an order is alleged, the friend of the court shall give to the parent 10 or person alleged to have denied the time with the child or to have violated the order, within 10 days after receipt of the notice of denied access time or violation of the 12 order required by subdivision (a), a notice that shall 14 contain the following statement in boldface type of not
- 15 less than 12 points: 16 "FAILURE TO RESPOND IN 14 DAYS TO THE 17 OFFICE OF THE FRIEND OF THE COURT LISTED 18 BELOW SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS AN 19 AGREEMENT THAT CUSTODY OR VISITATION 20 TIME (ACCESS TIME) WITH THE NAMED CHILD 21 OR CHILDREN HAS BEEN DENIED, OR THAT SOME 22 PROVISION OF THE CUSTODY OR VISITATION 23 ORDER WAS VIOLATED. IN SUCH AN INSTANCE. 24 MAKEUP TIME WILL BE REQUIRED. THE FAILURE 25 TO PROVIDE MAKEUP TIME, THE CONTINUED 26 DENIAL OF COURT-ORDERED ACCESS TIME, OR 27 THE VIOLATION OF THE ORDER WILL RESULT IN 28 THE FILING OF EITHER AN ACTION FOR 29 CONTEMPT OR A MOTION TO ENFORCE THE 30 ORDER AND MAY RESULT IN A MODIFICATION OF 31 THE CUSTODY OR VISITATION ORDER.
- 32 "FAILURE TO RESPOND IN 14 DAYS TOTHEOFFICE OF THE FRIEND OF THE COURT LISTED 34 BELOW MAY RESULT IN FURTHER ACTION BY THE 35 FRIEND OFTHECOURT. **THIS ACTION** MAY 36 INCLUDE FURTHER MEDIATION OR THE FILING OF A MOTION TO ENFORCE OR A MOTION FOR 38 CONTEMPT AND**MAY** RESULT IN \boldsymbol{A} MODIFICATION OF THE CUSTODY OR VISITATION

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IF YOU DISAGREE THAT THE STATED ACCESS TIME WAS DENIED OR THAT THE ORDER WAS VIOLATED, OR YOU BELIEVE THAT THE DENIAL OF ACCESS TIME OR VIOLATION OF THE ORDER WAS NECESSARY FOR THE BEST INTEREST OF 5 THE CHILD OR CHILDREN, YOU MUST NOTIFY THE OFFICE OF THE FRIEND OF THE COURT IN WRITING WITHIN 14 DAYS OF THE DATE LISTED 9 ON THIS NOTICE. **UPON RECEIPT** OF 10 WRITTEN OBJECTION, APPOINTMENT ANFOR MEDIATION WILL BE SET BY THE FRIEND OF THE 12 COURT TO ATTEMPT TO MEDIATE THE ISSUE, OTHER PARENT 13 UNLESS YOU AND THE **DISPUTE** 14 PERSON **RESOLVE THIS THROUGH MEETINGS** OR MEDIATION 15 INFORMAL OTHER 16 THAN WITH THE FRIEND OF THE COURT.

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18 THE FAILURE TO COME TO AN AGREEMENT
19 EITHER INFORMALLY OR THROUGH MEDIATION
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22 IN THE FILING BY THE ENFORCEMENT UNIT OF
23 THE FRIEND OF THE COURT OF A MOTION TO
24 ENFORCE OR AN ACTION FOR CONTEMPT."
25 CONTEMPT.

26 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CONSULT WITH AN *REGARDING* **YOUR** *RIGHTS* 27 ATTORNEY AND28 OBLIGATIONS IN THESE MATTERS. IF AN ACTION 29 FOR CONTEMPT IS BROUGHT AGAINST YOU AND 30 *THE* COURT **DETERMINES** THATYOU**CANNOT** AFFORD AN ATTORNEY, AN ATTORNEY WILL BE APPOINTED BY THE COURT TO REPRESENT YOU."

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34 (c) If the friend of the court first notifies the parent or 35 person alleged to have denied access time or violated an 36 order by telephone, the required written notice may be 37 sent by regular mail. If no telephone notification is given, 38 then the notice shall be sent by first-class mail 39 return-receipt requested. SB 779 **— 10 —**

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(d) If the parent or person who is alleged to have denied access time or violated an order makes a timely reply contesting the alleged denial or violation, appointment for mediation of the issue shall be set with the family court services friend of the court. The mediation shall be conducted as provided for in Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 3160) of Part 2, and any other applicable provisions of this code.

- (e) If the parties do not resolve the issue at mediation, 10 the family court services friend of the court shall notify the enforcement unit of the friend of the court, who shall request the court to set the matter for hearing, either on a motion to enforce or a contempt action, and shall give 14 notice to both parties and the family court services friend of the court of the date, time, and place of the hearing. 16 The enforcement unit of the friend of the court shall not represent any party.
- (f) Notwithstanding subdivision (e), the enforcement 19 unit of the friend of the court shall have the same discretion not to pursue an action to enforce an alleged violation of an order or denial of access time as a district attorney has not to pursue an enforcement action for an alleged violation of a child support order.
- (g) The provisions of law generally applicable to 25 motions and contempt actions in family law matters shall be applicable to the motion to enforce or a contempt action filed by the enforcement unit of the friend of the court pursuant to this part, including the requirement of personal service of the contempt citation, except as specifically modified by this part.
- 3308. If a motion to enforce is filed under this part and 32 the court finds that there has been a denial of access time or other violation of the order, the court may do one or more of the following:
- (a) Require additional terms and conditions consistent 36 with the court's custody or visitation order, order the parties to attend parenting classes or counseling, or make other orders as the court deems necessary in the best interests of the child.

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(b) Modify the order to meet the best interests of the child.

- (c) Order that makeup access time be provided to take the place of the wrongfully denied visitation access
 - (d) Set the matter for a de novo hearing on contempt.

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- (e) Make any other orders the court deems appropriate. 8
- 3309. (a) If contempt action filed, a 10 notwithstanding Section 1218 of the Code of Civil Procedure and Section 293 of this code, if the court finds that a parent or other person is in contempt of the custody or visitation order, the court may do one or more of the 14 following:
- (1) Require additional terms and conditions consistent 16 with the court's custody or visitation order, order the parties to attend parenting classes or counseling, or make 18 other orders as the court deems necessary in the best interests of the child.
 - (2) Modify the order to meet the best interests of the child.
 - (3) Order that makeup access time be provided to take the place of the wrongfully denied visitation.
- (4) Commit the parent or person who wrongfully 25 denied access time to community service or county jail as provided by subdivision (c) of Section 1218 of the Code of Civil Procedure and Section 293 of this code.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), where a person has been found in contempt of a custody or visitation order on a second or subsequent occasion, the court shall, in addition to providing makeup time, or any other relief provided, commit the offending person to community service or county jail as provided by subdivision (c) of 34 Section 1218 of the Code of Civil Procedure and Section 35 *293 of this code*.
- 3310. It is a defense to a denial of access time or 37 violation of an order if the court finds that the denial or 38 violation was necessary in the best interests of the child or children and the person or persons denying the access time or violating the order had no other reasonable

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recourse. If the court finds that the defense under this section applies, the court shall state the specific factors on which it has based its findings in writing or on the record.

- 3311. *(a)* Where a party has made repeated allegations of denials of access time or violations of court orders within a 6-month period, the court shall determine whether the allegations are frivolous or made for the purpose of harassment or whether the allegations are founded and indicate an unwillingness by one party to 10 abide by the court's orders. The court shall then consider what action, including, but not limited to, a modification of the current orders, is necessary to provide relief to the party who has been the subject of the frivolous or 14 harassing allegations or the continued disobedience of the court's orders.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), any time a court finds that an action was brought pursuant to this part 18 which was unfounded or frivolous or made primarily for the purpose of harassment, the court shall order sanctions against the party bringing the action in an amount the court deems sufficient to deter the conduct of that party, as well as attorney's fees and costs as provided by Section 271, if appropriate.
 - 3312. (a) The agencies administering the Friend of the Court program under subdivision (a) of Section 3302 shall maintain records of cases handled by the friend of the court for the purpose of evaluating the effectiveness of the program. Information that shall be obtained and maintained shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:
 - (1) The number of cases in which access time is denied in each county and the total number of cases for the state.
- (2) The number of cases in which access time is denied 34 by the same party on more than one occasion and the number of cases in which the issue of denial of access time is brought before the court on more than one occasion.
 - (3) The number of cases in which an order is violated other than by a denial of access time in each county and the total number for the state.

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(4) The number of cases in which an order is violated in the same or similar manner by the same party on more than one occasion and the number of cases in which the issue of a violation of the order is brought before the court on more than one occasion.

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- (5) The general reasons stated for the denial of access time or violation of the order.
- (6) The number of cases in which the parties reached a stipulated agreement through mediation, the number 10 in which motions to enforce were filed, and the number in which actions for contempt were filed, broken down by county and the total number for the state.
- (7) The number of cases in which a motion to enforce 14 or an action for contempt were filed in which the court modified the order, the number in which the court found an affirmative defense, the number in which the court referred the parties out for parenting or counseling services, and the number in which a court found a party in contempt and required community service or jail time for the contempt.
 - (b) The statistics and information required by this section shall be made available annually, upon request, to the Legislature or other interested persons.
 - 3313. Funding for any additional duties imposed on governmental agencies by this part shall be provided by federal funds received by the state pursuant to the federal Responsibility and Work Personal Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (P.L. 104-193).
 - 3314. This part shall become operative only if federal funds are made available for its implementation. No state funds shall be allocated for the purposes of this part.
- 5. Notwithstanding Section SEC. 17610 Government Code, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains costs mandated by the agencies 35 state. reimbursement to local and 36 districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code. If the statewide cost of the claim for reimbursement does not exceed one million

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dollars (\$1,000,000), reimbursement shall be made from

- the State Mandates Claims Fund.
- Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act
- 5 shall become operative on the same date that the act
- 6 takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.